Course: Academic Literacy Unit: 1-Intro to Academic Literacy Grades: 7

Teacher Team: Kimberly Halloran & Kristen Heydt Date: August 2015

Stage 1 – Desired Results			
Established Goals	Enduring Understandings/Transfer		
What 21 st Century Essentials included in the mission statement will this unit address? Effective Communication Skills Transfer of Learning	Written as a declarative statement, an enduring understanding is a "big idea" that focuses on larger concepts, principles, and processes that go beyond discrete facts or skills. Enduring Understandings are applicable to new situations across content areas and <a 6")="" evaluate="" href="https://example.com/real-world-new-situation-new-situat</td></tr><tr><td>Problem-solving
Career Planning and Life-Long Learning</td><td>3. List the Enduring Understanding(s):</td></tr><tr><td> What content standards will this unit address? ELA PA Core State Standards</td><td> Nonfiction is accessible to everyone. Reading critically and actively is achieved by employing strategies such as: questioning, monitoring, visualizing, connecting, predicting and summarizing (referred to as the " li="" necessary.<="" super="" to="" understanding="" when=""> Written communication and proper grammar mechanics promote fluency of communication. Identifying key text to: quote, cite, and analyze is pivotal to comprehending its meaning. What do you want students to do with this knowledge or skill beyond this course? What is Transfer? * Students will develop effective oral and written communication skills. * Students will develop effective strategies for independent reading comprehension. * Students will gain familiarity and comfort when working with informational texts. 		
evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly, as well as inferences, conclusions, and/or generalizations	* Students will actively analyze the relevance and significance of a text rather than simply reading it for content.		
drawn from the text.	Essential Questions		
CC.1.2.7.C Analyze the interactions between individuals, events, and ideas in a text. CC.1.2.7.D Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others.	 What thought-provoking questions will foster inquiry, meaning-making, and transfer? 5. List the Essential Question(s) that students should ponder, wonder about or explain by the end of this unit: How do strategic readers create meaning from informational and literary text? How do writers create informational pieces that effectively address the topic and purpose? What techniques do speakers use to enhance the presentation of information to an audience of peers? What role do grammar and mechanics play in crafting a solid piece of writing? 		

CC.1.2.7.E Analyze the structure of the

text through evaluation of the author's use of graphics, charts. and the major sections of the text.

CC.1.2.7.F Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in grade-level reading and content, including interpretation of figurative, connotative, and technical meanings. CC.1.2.7.G Compare and contrast a text to an audio, video, or multimedia version of the text, analyzing each medium's portrayal of the subject (e.g., how the delivery of a speech affects the impact of the words).

CC.1.2.7.J Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

CC.1.2.7.K Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiplemeaning words and phrases based on grade-level reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies and tools.

CC.1.2.7.L Read and comprehend literary nonfiction and informational text on grade level, reading independently and proficiently.

CC.1.4.7.A Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information clearly.

CC.1.4.7.B Identify and introduce the topic clearly, including a preview of what is to follow

CC.1.4.7.C Develop and analyze the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete

Acquisition

Students will know...

- 6. What facts should students know and be able to use to gain further knowledge?
 - 1. Use of text features keeps informational text visually organized.
 - 2. Use of text structures keeps informational text structurally organized.
 - 3. MLA in-text citations are used to give credit to an author when quoting.
 - 4. Only use relevant information when quoting.
 - 5. Strong writers recognize:

inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person. vague pronouns (i.e., ones with unclear or ambiguous antecedents).

inappropriate shifts in verb tense. subject-verb and pronoun-antecedent agreement.

7. What vocabulary should students know and be able to recall?

Tier 3

close reading, metacognition, summarize, visualize, predict, question, monitor, evidence, connect

Tier 2 predict, summarize, analyze, interpret, strategy, genre, non-fiction

- 8. What basic concepts should students know and be able to recall and apply?
 - 1. The purpose of informational text is to inform the reader.
 - 2. Talking to the Text and Close Reading practices aid in metacognition.
 - 3. Correctly quoting and citing informational texts in written assessments.

Students will be skilled at... (be able to do)

- 9. What discrete skill and processes should students be able to demonstrate?
 - 1. Independently reading informational texts using the "Super 6" strategies.
 - 2. Citing a chosen passage from an informational text.
 - 3. Compare multiple texts dealing with same topic in order to build understanding.
 - 4. Identify features of informational text.
 - 5. Recognize structural patterns within informational text.
 - 6. Create a MLA works cited page
 - 7. Understand and utilize the SLMS Writing Format for formal writing pieces.
 - 8. Recognize and correct the following when writing:
 - inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person.
 - vague pronouns (i.e., ones with unclear or ambiguous antecedents).
 - inappropriate shifts in verb tense.
 - subject-verb and pronoun-antecedent agreement.
 - 9. Display appropriate communication skills in the areas of speaking and listening.

E07.B-K.1.1.1: Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences, conclusions, and/or generalizations drawn from the text.

E07.B-K.1.1.2: Determine two or more central ideas in a text and analyze their development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.

E07.B-K.1.1.3 Analyze the interactions between individuals, events, and ideas in a text (e.g., how

details, quotations, or other information and examples; include graphics and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

CC.1.4.7.D Organize ideas, concepts, and information using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts; provide a concluding statement or section; include formatting when useful to aiding comprehension.

CC.1.4.7.E Write with an awareness of the stylistic aspects of composition. • Use precise language and domainspecific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. • Use sentences of varying lengths and complexities. • Develop and maintain a consistent voice.

• Establish and maintain a formal style.

CC.1.4.7.F Demonstrate a grade appropriate command of the conventions of standard English grammar, usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling.

CC.1.4.7.H Introduce and state an opinion on a topic.

CC.1.4.7.K Write with an awareness of the stylistic aspects of composition. • Use precise language and domainspecific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. • Use sentences of varying lengths and complexities. • Develop and maintain a consistent voice.

 Establish and maintain a formal style. CC.1.4.7.L Demonstrate a grade appropriate command of the conventions of standard English

ideas influence individuals or events, how individuals influence ideas or events).

E08.B-K.1.1.3 Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, categories).

E07.B-C.2.1.1: Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others. E07.B-C.2.1.2: Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how major sections and text features contribute to the whole and to the development of the ideas.

E07.B-C.2.1.3: Determine how the author uses the meaning of words or phrases, including figurative, connotative, or technical meanings, in a text; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.

E07.B-C.3.1.1: Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claims.

E07.B-V.4.1.1: Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 7 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

- Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph, a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., belligerent, bellicose, rebel).
- Determine the meaning of technical words and phrases used in a text.

E07.B-V.4.1.2: Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary and mythological allusions) in context.

grammar, usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling.

CC.1.4.7.T With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.

CC.1.4.7.U Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and link to and cite sources as well as to interact and collaborate with others, including linking to and citing sources. CC.1.4.7.V Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions for further research and investigation. CC.1.4.7.W Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. CC.1.4.7.X Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research,

two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. CC.1.5.7.A Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions, on grade-level topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly

reflection, and revision) and shorter

time frames (a single sitting or a day or

CC.1.5.7.C Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse

- b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words.
- c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending).

E07.C.1.2.1: Introduce a topic for the intended audience and preview what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information using strategies such as definition, classification, compare/contrast, and cause/effect to support the writer's purpose. E07.C.1.2.2: Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.

E07.C.1.2.3: Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.

E07.C.1.2.4: Use precise language and domainspecific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.

E07.C.1.2.5: Establish and maintain a formal style. E07.C.1.2.6: Provide a concluding section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.

E07.D.2.1.1: Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.

E07.D.2.1.2: Vary sentence patterns for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.

E07.D.2.1.3: Maintain consistency in style and tone.

E07.D.2.1.4: Choose punctuation for effect.

E07.D.2.1.5: Choose words and phrases for effect.

E07.D.1.1.4: Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person.

E07.D.1.1.5: Recognize and correct vague pronouns (i.e., ones with unclear or ambiguous antecedents). E07.D.1.1.6: Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb tense.

E07.D.1.1.7: Produce complete sentences,

media formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study.

- Math PA Core State Standards
- PA Content Standards

recognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and run-on sentences.

E07.D.1.1.8: Correctly use frequently confused words (e.g., to, too, two, there, their, they're). E07.D.1.1.9: Ensure subject-verb and pronounantecedent agreement.

E07.E.1.1.1: Introduce text(s) for the intended audience, state an opinion and/or topic, establish a situation, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to support the writer's purpose.

E07.E.1.1.2: Develop the analysis using relevant evidence from text(s) to support claims, opinions, ideas, and inferences and demonstrating an understanding of the text(s).

E07.E.1.1.3: Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.

E07.E.1.1.4: Use precise language and domainspecific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic and/or convey the experience and events.

E07.E.1.1.5: Establish and maintain a formal style. E07.E.1.1.6: Provide a concluding section that

follows from and supports the analysis presented.

Keystone Literature Eligible Content

L.N.1.3.1 Identify and/or explain stated or implied main ideas and relevant supporting details from a L.N.1.3.2 Summarize the key details and events of a nonfictional text, in part or as a whole text. Note: Items may target specific paragraphs.

L.N.2.1.1 Make inferences and/or draw conclusions based on analysis of a text.

L.N.2.1.2 Cite evidence from a text to support generalizations.

L.N.2.3.1: Explain, interpret, compare, describe, analyze, and/or evaluate character in a variety of nonfiction:

Note: Character may also be called narrator, speaker, or subject of a biography.

• the actions, motives, dialogue, emotions/feelings,
traits, and relationships among characters within
nonfictional text

- the relationship between characters and other components of a text
- the development by authors of complex characters and their roles and functions within a text L.N.2.3.2: Explain, interpret, compare, describe, analyze, and/or evaluate setting in a variety of nonfiction:
- the relationship between setting and other components of the text (character, plot, and other key literary elements)

L.N.2.3.3: Explain, interpret, compare, describe, analyze, and/or evaluate plot in a variety of nonfiction:

Note: Plot may also be called action.

- elements of the plot (e.g., exposition, conflict, rising action, climax, falling action, and/or resolution)
- the relationship between elements of the plot and other components of the text
- how the author structures plot to advance the action

L.N.2.3.4 Explain, interpret, compare, describe, analyze, and/or evaluate theme in a variety of nonfiction: • the relationship between the theme and other components of a text • comparing and contrasting how major themes are developed across genres • the reflection of traditional and contemporary issues, themes, motifs, universal characters, and genres • the way in which a work of literature is related to the themes and issues of its historical period.

Stage 2 – Evidence	
NETS for Students	PERFORMANCE TASK(S)—can include transfer tasks and Project-Based Learning
NETS—National Educational	Examples include but are not limited to:

Technology Standards; i.e., the standards for evaluating the skills and knowledge students need to learn effectively and live productively in an increasingly global and digital world.

Communication and Collaboration Research and Information Fluency Critical Thinking Technology Operations Labs, open-ended essays, voice recordings, videos, presentations, discussion boards, graphic organizers, songs, skits, dioramas, visual projects (posters, dioramas)

List the task(s), then explain how the student will demonstrate the transfer of knowledge or skill involved in the task(s) (reference Stage 1, Item #4):

- 1. Use articles tied to summer reading to introduce and model Talking to the Text (Stage 1 Items 3(1), 3(2), 4(2), 5(1), 6(1), 9(1)).
- 2. Use photographs and video clips to visually demonstrate the impact of close reading (Stage 1 Items 3(1), 3(2), 4(2), 5(1), 5(4), 6(1), 9(1)).
- 3. Utilize Text Feature and Text Structure PowerPoint presentations to facilitate classroom discussion (Stage 1 Items 3(1), 3(2), 4(2), 5(1), 6(1), 9(1), 9(3), 9(4)).
- 4. Employ Text Feature Scavenger Hunt to observe student understanding (Stage 1 Items 3(1), 3(2), 4(2), 5(1), 6(1), 9(1), 9(3), 9(4)).
- 5. Review the 5 basic structures of informational texts with both individual and group practice (Stage 1 Items 3(1), 3(2), 4(2), 5(1), 5(4), 6(1), 9(1), 9(3), 9(4)).
- 6. Introduce the SLMS Writing Format for formal writing pieces (Stage 1 Items 3(3), 4(1), 5(2), 9(6)).
- 7. Introduce basic research elements: Title page, MLA in-text citations, using quotations, and works cited page (Stage 1 Items 3(3), 4(1), 5(2), 5(4), 6(2), 6(3), 9(2), 9(5)).
- 8. Introduce, model and practice Double Entry Journal writing (Stage 1 Items 3(3), 4(1), 5(2), 5(4), 6(2), 6(3), 9(2), 9(5)).
- 9. Introduce, model and practice how to recognize and correct the following:
- inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person.
- vague pronouns (i.e., ones with unclear or ambiguous antecedents).
- inappropriate shifts in verb tense.
- subject-verb and pronoun-antecedent agreement.

(Stage 1 Items 3(4), 4(1), 5(2), 5(3), 6(5), 9(7))

OTHER SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENTS—can include factual recall

Examples include but are not limited to final projects, research papers, guizzes and tests.

List the assessments:

- 1. Summer reading assignment
- 2. Double Entry Journals
- 3. Text structure/ text feature quiz
- 4. Newsela (Monthly Independent Reading)

Stage 3 – Learning Plan		
NETS for Students	Learning Activities	Progress Monitoring/Formative Assessment
NETS—National Educational	Questions to consider while planning:	How will you monitor students' progress toward
Technology Standards; i.e., the	Are transfer and acquisition addressed in the learning	acquisition, meaning, and transfer during learning

standards for evaluating the skills and knowledge students need to learn effectively and live productively in an increasingly global and digital world.

Communication and Collaboration Research and Information Fluency Critical Thinking Technology Operations plan?

- Does the learning plan reflect principles of learning and best practices?
- Is there tight alignment with Stages 1 and 2?
- Is the plan likely to be engaging and effective for all students?

activities?

- 1. Discussion will reveal prior knowledge of comprehension based strategies (i.e. Talking to the Text, building connections...)
- 2. Double Entry Journal assignment will reveal a student's ability to analyze a text's relevance and overall meaning.
- 3. Discussion will reveal prior knowledge of text features and structure.
- 4. Discussion will reveal prior knowledge of research elements (i.e. works cited, using quotation marks, proper punctuation, in-text citations...).
- 5. Discussion will reveal students ability to use effective oral communication skills.
- What are potential rough spots and student misunderstandings?
 - 1. Making personal connections (text-to-self) rather than showing understanding of the text's relevance and its overall connection to the big idea.
- How will students get the feedback they need?
 - 1. Non graded discussion 2
 - 2. Conferencing and review with teacher
 - 3. Comments on practice Double Entry Journals
 - 4. Low impact graded assignments (Talking to the Text, Text Features scavenger hunt)

List planned activities

(examples include but are not limited to: experiments, guided reading, worksheets, discussions, note-taking, research, games):

- 1.Sample Talking to the Text with Newsela
- 2. Talking to the Text with summer reading articles
- 3. Sample DEJ
- 4. Text structure scavenger hunt

List resources required

(examples include but are not limited to: laptops, iPads, websites, digital cameras, magazines, Blackboard, textbooks, novels, primary source documents, other nonfiction text, lab equipment, maps, translator, calculators)

- 1. Newsela.com
- 2. Newsela Strategies Checklist
- 3.Student laptops
- 4. Summer Reading book and

FORMATIVE ASSESSMENTS—any non-graded, diagnostic assessment administered prior to or during a unit that reflects prior knowledge, skill levels, and potential misconceptions.

Examples include but are not limited to: Pre-tests, clickers (CPS), mini whiteboards, entrance and exit tickets, CDTs, DIBELS, Aimsweb

SRI

CDT

Study Island

5. Text structure card game	article	
6. Text structure practice	5. Double Entry Journal form	
worksheet	6. Double Entry Journal	
7. Grammar practice	Rubric	
exercises	7. Talking to the Text Rubric	
8. Shared Inquiry	8. Text Structure Card Game	
	9. Text Feature and Text	
	Structure PowerPoint	
	10. Internet access	
	11. SLMS Writing Format	
	12. Photographs and Video	
	Clips	
	13. Text Features Scavenger	
	Hunt.	
	14.Library access	



Course: Academic Literacy Unit: 2-Sequence and Time Order: Biography/Autobiography/Memoir Grades: 7

Teacher Team: Kimberly Halloran and Kristen Heydt Date: August 2015

Stage 1 – Desired Results		
Established Goals	Enduring Understandings/Transfer	
1. What 21 st Century Essentials included in	Written as a declarative statement, an enduring understanding is a "big idea" that focuses on larger concepts,	
the mission statement will this unit	principles, and processes that go beyond discrete facts or skills. Enduring Understandings are applicable to	
address?	new situations across content areas and TRANSFERABLE (the ability to learn in one context and apply to a new situation,	
Effective Communication Skills	particularly outside of the classroom) to the real world.	
Transfer of Learning		
Adaptation and flexibility	3. List the Enduring Understanding(s):	
Global Awareness		
Career Planning and Life-Long Learning	1. Nonfiction is accessible to everyone.	
Problem-solving	2. Reading critically and actively is achieved by employing strategies such as: questioning, monitoring,	
2. What content standards will this unit	visualizing, connecting, predicting and summarizing (referred to as the "Super 6") to evaluate understanding	
address?	when necessary. 3. Written communication and proper grammar mechanics promote fluency of communication.	
address:	4. Writing is a reflective, multi-stage process.	
• ELA PA Core State Standards	5. Recognizing the underlying structural patterns in nonfiction text is paramount to the reader's ability to	
CC.1.2.7.A Determine two or more	construct meaning from the text.	
central ideas in a text and analyze their	6. Researchers gather and critique information from different sources for specific purposes.	
development over the course of the	7. Perseverance is part of life experience—overcoming obstacles.	
text; provide an objective summary of	8. Those who persevere are often inspiring to others.	
the text.		
CC.1.2.7.B Cite several pieces of textual	4. What do you want students to do with this knowledge or skill beyond this course? What is Transfer?	
evidence to support analysis of what the	* Students will develop effective oral and written communication skills. 🛽	
text says explicitly, as well as inferences,	* Students will develop effective strategies for independent reading comprehension.	
conclusions, and/or generalizations	* Students will gain familiarity and comfort when working with informational texts.	
drawn from the text.	* Students will actively analyze the relevance and significance of a text rather than simply reading it for *	
CC.1.2.7.C Analyze the interactions	content.	
between individuals, events, and ideas in	* Students will develop effective strategies for time management and planning.	
a text.	* Students will gain familiarity and comfort when working with peers in problem solving situations.	
CC.1.2.7.D Determine an author's point		
of view or purpose in a text and analyze		

how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others.

CC.1.2.7.E Analyze the structure of the text through evaluation of the author's use of graphics, charts. and the major sections of the text.

CC.1.2.7.F Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in grade-level reading and content, including interpretation of figurative, connotative, and technical meanings. CC.1.2.7.G Compare and contrast a text to an audio, video, or multimedia version of the text, analyzing each medium's portrayal of the subject (e.g., how the delivery of a speech affects the impact of the words).

CC.1.2.7.J Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
CC.1.2.7.K Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiplemeaning words and phrases based on grade-level reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies and tools.

CC.1.2.7.L Read and comprehend literary nonfiction and informational text on grade level, reading independently and proficiently.

CC.1.4.7.A Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information clearly. CC.1.4.7.B Identify and introduce the topic clearly, including a preview of what is to follow

Essential Questions

What thought-provoking questions will foster inquiry, meaning-making, and transfer?

- 5. List the Essential Question(s) that students should ponder, wonder about or explain by the end of this unit:
 - 1. How do strategic readers create meaning from informational and literary text?
 - 2. How do strategic readers use the underlying structural patterns in nonfiction text to construct meaning?
 - 3. How do writers create informational pieces that effectively address the topic and purpose?
 - 4. What role do grammar and mechanics play in crafting a solid piece of writing?
 - 5. How can we use evaluation and reflection to improve our writing?
 - 6. What techniques do speakers use to enhance the presentation of information to an audience of peers?
 - 7. How does a person's individual challenges (positive and negative) impact the course of his/her life?
 - 8. Why does perseverance inspire us?
 - 9. How do characters, real and fictional, use words and actions to persevere?

Acquisition

Students will know...

- 6. What facts should students know and be able to use to gain further knowledge?
 - 1. Characteristics of biographies, autobiographies, and memoirs.
 - 2. Informational text pattern: sequence and time order text structure.
 - 3. Citing quotes and sources using MLA formatting.
 - 4. Basic understanding of research skills.
- 7. What vocabulary should students know and be able to recall?

Tier3

challenges, perseverance, dyscalculia, learning disability, IEP, gifted, anxiety, depression, isolation, biography, autobiography, memoir

Tier 2 predict, summarize, analyze, interpret, sequence, chronological

- 8. What basic concepts should students know and be able to recall and apply?
 - 1. Use of text structures keep informational text

Students will be skilled at... (be able to do)

- 9. What discrete skill and processes should students be able to demonstrate?
 - 1. Independently read informational texts using appropriate monitoring strategies.
 - 2. Cite a chosen passage from an informational text.
 - 3. Recognize the structural pattern of sequence and time order within informational text.
 - 4. Effective time management skills when working within Literature Circle groups.
 - 5. Recognize the correlation between author's use of language and chronological structure to portray perseverance.
 - 6. Participate in group discussions to share ideas.

E07.B-C.2.1.1: Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others. E07.B-C.2.1.2: Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how major sections and text features contribute to the whole and to the development of the ideas.

CC.1.4.7.C Develop and analyze the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples; include graphics and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

CC.1.4.7.D Organize ideas, concepts, and information using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts; provide a concluding statement or section; include formatting when useful to aiding comprehension.

CC.1.4.7.E Write with an awareness of the stylistic aspects of composition. • Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. • Use sentences of varying lengths and complexities. • Develop and maintain a consistent voice.

• Establish and maintain a formal style. CC.1.4.7.F Demonstrate a grade appropriate command of the conventions of standard English grammar, usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling. CC.1.4.7.H Introduce and state an opinion on a topic.

CC.1.4.7.K Write with an awareness of the stylistic aspects of composition. • Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. • Use sentences of varying lengths and complexities. • Develop and maintain a consistent voice. • Establish and maintain a formal style.

CC.1.4.7.L Demonstrate a grade

structually organized.

- 2. Biographies, autobiographies, and memoirs tell the story of a person's life.
- 3. All biographies, autobiographies, and memoirs fit the sequence and time order structural pattern.
- 4. Author's use specific language to show perseverance.

E07.B-C.2.1.3: Determine how the author uses the meaning of words or phrases, including figurative, connotative, or technical meanings, in a text; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.

E07.B-K.1.1.1: Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences, conclusions, and/or generalizations drawn from the text.

E07.B-K.1.1.2: Determine two or more central ideas in a text and analyze their development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.

E07.B-K.1.1.3: Analyze the interactions between individuals, events, and ideas in a text (e.g., how ideas influence individuals or events; how individuals influence ideas or events).

E08.B-K.1.1.3: Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, categories).

E07.B-V.4.1.1: Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 7 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

- a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph, a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., belligerent, bellicose, rebel).
- c. Determine the meaning of technical words and phrases used in a text.

E07.B-V.4.1.2: Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

- a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary and mythological allusions) in context.
- b. Use the relationship between particular words

appropriate command of the conventions of standard English grammar, usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling.
CC.1.4.7.T With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.

addressed. CC.1.4.7.U Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and link to and cite sources as well as to interact and collaborate with others, including linking to and citing sources. CC.1.4.7.V Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions for further research and investigation. CC.1.4.7.W Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. CC.1.4.7.X Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. CC.1.5.7.A Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions, on gradelevel topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their

own clearly

- (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words.
- c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending).
- E07.C.1.2.1: Introduce a topic for the intended audience and preview what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information using strategies such as definition, classification, compare/contrast, and cause/effect to support the writer's purpose. E07.C.1.2.2: Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
- E07.C.1.2.3: Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
- E07.C.1.2.4: Use precise language and domainspecific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- E07.C.1.2.5: Establish and maintain a formal style. E07.C.1.2.6: Provide a concluding section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.
- E07.C.1.3.3: Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and to signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.
- E07.C.1.3.4: Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.
- E07.D.2.1.1: Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.
- E07.D.2.1.2: Vary sentence patterns for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.
- E07.D.2.1.3: Maintain consistency in style and tone.
- E07.D.2.1.4: Choose punctuation for effect.
- E07.D.2.1.5: Choose words and phrases for effect.

CC.1.5.7.C Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study.

CC.1.5.7.E Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks.

CC.1.5.7.F Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations to clarify claims and findings and emphasize salient points. CC.1.5.7.G Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English when speaking based on Grade 7 level and content.

- Math PA Core State Standards
- PA Content Standards

E07.E.1.1.1: Introduce text(s) for the intended audience, state an opinion and/or topic, establish a situation, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to support the writer's purpose.

E07.E.1.1.2: Develop the analysis using relevant evidence from text(s) to support claims, opinions, ideas, and inferences and demonstrating an understanding of the text(s).

E07.E.1.1.3: Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.

E07.E.1.1.4: Use precise language and domainspecific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic and/or convey the experience and events. E07.E.1.1.5: Establish and maintain a formal style. E07.E.1.1.6: Provide a concluding section that follows from and supports the analysis presented.

L.N.1.3.1: Identify and/or explain stated or implied main ideas and relevant supporting details from a text. Note: Items may target specific paragraphs. L.N.1.3.2: Summarize the key details and events of a nonfictional text, in part or as a whole.

L.N.2.1.1: Make inferences and/or draw conclusions based on analysis of a text.

L.N.2.1.2: Cite evidence from a text to support generalizations.

L.N.2.3.1: Explain, interpret, compare, describe, analyze, and/or evaluate character in a variety of nonfiction:

Note: Character may also be called narrator, speaker, or subject of a biography.

- the actions, motives, dialogue, emotions/feelings, traits, and relationships among characters within nonfictional text
- the relationship between characters and other components of a text
- the development by authors of complex characters and their roles and functions within a text

	L.N.2.3.2: Explain, interpret, compare, describe, analyze, and/or evaluate setting in a variety of nonfiction: • the relationship between setting and other components of the text (character, plot, and other key literary elements) L.N.2.3.3: Explain, interpret, compare, describe, analyze, and/or evaluate plot in a variety of nonfiction: Note: Plot may also be called action. • elements of the plot (e.g., exposition, conflict, rising action, climax, falling action, and/or resolution) • the relationship between elements of the plot and other components of the text • how the author structures plot to advance the action L.N.2.3.4: Explain, interpret, compare, describe, analyze, and/or evaluate theme in a variety of nonfiction: • the relationship between the theme and other components of the text • comparing and contrasting how major themes are developed across genres • the reflection of traditional and contemporary issues, themes, motifs, universal characters, and genres • the way in which a work of literature is related to the themes and issues of its historical period
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Stage 2 – Evidence		
NETS for Students	PERFORMANCE TASK(S)—can include transfer tasks and Project-Based Learning	
NETS—National Educational	Examples include but are not limited to:	
Technology Standards; i.e., the	Labs, open-ended essays, voice recordings, videos, presentations, discussion boards, graphic organizers, songs, skits,	
standards for evaluating the skills	dioramas, visual projects (posters, dioramas)	
and knowledge students need to		

learn effectively and live productively in an increasingly global and digital world.

Creative and Innovation
Communication and Collaboration
Research and Information Fluency
Critical Thinking
Digital Citizenship
Technology Operations

List the task(s), then explain how the student will demonstrate the transfer of knowledge or skill involved in the task(s) (reference Stage 1, Item #4):

- 1. Introduce sequence writing with direction scramble group activity. (Stage 1 Items 4(1), 4(2), 4(4), 4(6))
- 2. Group direction writing activity "How to Create the Perfect Paper Airplane" (Stage 1 Items 4(1), 4(2), 4(3), 4(4), 4(6))
- 3.Indvidual direction writing activity (formal writing). (Stage 1 Items 4(1), 4(2), 4(3), 4(4), 4(6))
- 4. Utilize anticipation guide to introduce biography, autobiography and memoir. (Stage 1 Items 4(1), 4(2), 4(3), 4(4), 4(6))
- 5. Class read: Book 1 (biography/autobiography/memoir). (Stage 1 Items 4(1), 4(2), 4(3), 4(4), 4(5), 4(6))
- 6. Practice talking to the text by sticky noting in book. (Stage 1 Items 4(1), 4(2), 4(3), 4(4), 4(5))
- 7. Practice double entry journal writing to monitor metacognition throughout the book. (Stage 1 Items 4(1), 4(2), 4(3), 4(4), 4(5))
- 8. Introduce and model good Literature Circle practices. (Stage 1 Items 4(1), 4(2), 4(3), 4(4), 4(5), 4(6))
- 9.Lit Circle 1: Book 2 (biography/autobiography/memoir). (Stage 1 Items 4(1), 4(2), 4(3), 4(4), 4(5), 4(6))

OTHER SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENTS—can include factual recall

Examples include but are not limited to final projects, research papers, quizzes and tests.

List the assessments:

Paper Airplane activity

Independent Direction Writing activity

Formal Writing (Autobiography)

Double Entry Journals

Literature Circle Roles (Discussion Director, Summarizer, Passage Analyst, etc.)

Literature Circle Reflective Process Paper

Literature Circle Project: Book Trailer

Library Research Assignment (Topics: dyscalculia, learning disabilities, etc.)

Newsela (Monthly Independent Reading)

Stage 3 – Learning Plan		
NETS for Students	Learning Activities	Progress Monitoring/Formative Assessment
NETS—National Educational	Questions to consider while planning:	How will you monitor students' progress
Technology Standards; i.e., the	 Are transfer and acquisition addressed in the learning plan? 	toward acquisition, meaning, and transfer
standards for evaluating the skills	 Does the learning plan reflect principles of learning and best 	during learning activities?
and knowledge students need to	practices?	1. Discussion and talking to the text using
learn effectively and live	 Is there tight alignment with Stages 1 and 2? 	sticky notes will reveal students'
productively in an increasingly	 Is the plan likely to be engaging and effective for all students? 	understanding of the reading.
global and digital world.		2. Double Entry Journal assignment will
		reveal a student's ability to analyze a text's

	1		T
Creative and Innovation			relevance and overall meaning.
Communication and Collaboration			3. Topical research will disclose student's
Research and Information Fluency			ability to develop connections between
Critical Thinking			texts.
Digital Citizenship			4. Creative Projects will demonstrate
Technology Operations			student ability to transfer understanding o
			text structure among common texts.
			What are potential rough spots and
			student misunderstandings?
			1. Effectively managing time in Literature
			Circle groups.
			2. Using specific language - when writing-
			to clarify meaning.
			How will students get the feedback they
			need?
			1. Non - graded discussion 2
			2. Conferencing and review with teacher
			3. Comments on practice Double Entry
			Journals
			4. Low - impact graded assignments
			(Direction Scramble, Anticipation Guide,
			etc.)
			5. Literature circle Discussion Day
			6. Review of Reflective Process Paper
	List planned activities (examples	List resources required (examples	FORMATIVE ASSESSMENTS—any non-graded,
	include but are not limited to:	include but are not limited to:	diagnostic assessment administered prior to
	experiments, guided reading,	laptops, iPads, websites, digital	or during a unit that reflects prior knowledge,
	worksheets, discussions, note-	cameras, magazines, Blackboard,	skill levels, and potential misconceptions.
	taking, research, games):	textbooks, novels, primary source	
		documents, other non-fiction text,	Examples include but are not limited to: Pre-
		lab equipment, maps, translator,	tests, clickers (CPS), mini whiteboards,
		calculators)	entrance and exit tickets, CDTs, DIBELS,
	1. Direction scramble group	1. Newsela.com	Aimsweb
	activity.	2. Newsela Strategies Checklist	
	2. Paper airplane activity	3. Student laptops	SRI
	3.Indvidual direction writing activity	4. Directions Scramble	CDT
	(formal writing)	5. Double Entry Journal form	Study Island

4. Anticipation guide to introduce biography, autobiography and	Paper Airplane Activity Direction Writing Rubric	
memoir. 5. Class read: Book 1 (biography/autobiography/memoir) 6. Talking to the text (sticky notes) 7. Double entry journal 8. Model Lit Circles 9.Lit Circle 1: Book 2 (biography/autobiography/memoir) 10. Formal writing (autobiography) 11. Individual Reflective Process Paper 12. Lit Circle Project: Book Trailer 13. Guided Reading 14. Class Discussions 15. Shared Inquiry	8. Internet access 9. SLMS Writing Format 10. Various Biography/Autobiography/Memoirs 11. Anticipation Guide 12. Sticky Notes 13. Sticky Note Checklist 14.Library access 15. Lit Circle Documents (jobs, rubrics, etc.) 16. Formal Writing (Autobiography) Rubric 17. Projector	
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Course: Academic Literacy Unit: 3-Compare/Contrast: Problems in Cultural Identity Grades: 7

Teacher Team: Kimberly Halloran & Kristen Heydt Date: August 2015

Stage 1 – Desired Results		
Established Goals	Enduring Understandings/Transfer	
1. What 21 st Century Essentials included in	Written as a declarative statement, an enduring understanding is a "big idea" that focuses on larger concepts,	
the mission statement will this unit	principles, and processes that go beyond discrete facts or skills. Enduring Understandings are applicable to	
address?	new situations across content areas and TRANSFERABLE (the ability to learn in one context and apply to a new situation,	
Transfer of Learning	particularly outside of the classroom) to the real world.	
Effective Communication Skills		
Adaptation and flexibility	3. List the Enduring Understanding(s):	
Problem-solving		
Global Awareness	1. Nonfiction is accessible to everyone.	
Career Planning and Life-Long Learning	2. Reading critically and actively is achieved by employing strategies such as: questioning, monitoring,	
	visualizing, connecting, predicting and summarizing (referred to as the "Super 6") to evaluate understanding	
2. What content standards will this unit	when necessary.	
address?	3. Written communication and proper grammar mechanics promote fluency of communication.	
	4. Writing is a reflective, multi-stage process.	
• ELA PA Core State Standards	5. Recognizing the underlying structural patterns in nonfiction text is parmount to the reader's ability	
CC.1.2.7.A Determine two or more	construct meaning from the text.	
central ideas in a text and analyze their	6. Researchers gather and critique information from different sources for specific purposes.	
development over the course of the	7. Comparing and contrasting ideas across multiple mediums(books, articles, and documentaries) helps to	
text; provide an objective summary of	create deeper meaning.	
the text.	8. Culture is a way of life of a group of people who share similar beliefs and customs.	
CC.1.2.7.B Cite several pieces of textual	9. Global societies are diverse, creating varied perspectives, contributions, and challenges.	
evidence to support analysis of what the	10. People are affected by environmental, economic, social, cultural, and civic concerns.	
text says explicitly, as well as inferences,	11. Culture is both a unifying and divisive force in human relations.	
conclusions, and/or generalizations		
drawn from the text.	4. What do you want students to do with this knowledge or skill beyond this course? What is Transfer?	
CC.1.2.7.C Analyze the interactions	* Students will develop effective oral and written communication skills. 🛮	
between individuals, events, and ideas in	* Students will develop effective strategies for independent reading comprehension.	
a text.	* Students will gain familiarity and comfort when working with informational texts.	
CC.1.2.7.D Determine an author's point	* Students will actively analyze the relevance and significance of a text rather than simply reading it for	
of view or purpose in a text and analyze	content.	
	* Students will develop effective strategies for time management and planning.	

how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others.

CC.1.2.7.E Analyze the structure of the text through evaluation of the author's use of graphics, charts. and the major sections of the text.

CC.1.2.7.F Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in grade-level reading and content, including interpretation of figurative, connotative, and technical meanings. CC.1.2.7.G Compare and contrast a text to an audio, video, or multimedia version of the text, analyzing each medium's portrayal of the subject (e.g., how the delivery of a speech affects the impact of the words).

CC.1.2.7.J Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
CC.1.2.7.K Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiplemeaning words and phrases based on grade-level reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies and tools.

CC.1.2.7.L Read and comprehend literary nonfiction and informational text on grade level, reading independently and proficiently.

CC.1.4.7.A Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information clearly. CC.1.4.7.B Identify and introduce the topic clearly, including a preview of what is to follow

Students will gain familiarity and comfort when working with peers in problem solving situations. Students will develop global awareness and a deeper perspective of cultural acceptance.

Essential Questions

What thought-provoking questions will foster inquiry, meaning-making, and transfer?

- 5. List the Essential Question(s) that students should ponder, wonder about or explain by the end of this unit:
 - 1. How do strategic readers create meaning from informational and literary text?
 - 2. How do strategic readers use the underlying structural patterns in nonfiction text to construct meaning?
 - 3. How do writers create informational pieces that effectively address the topic and purpose?
 - 4. What role do grammar and mechanics play in crafting a solid piece of writing?
 - 5. How can we use evaluation and reflection to improve our writing?
 - 6. What techniques do speakers use to enhance the presentation of information to an audience of peers?
 - 7. How do culture and geography shape identity and dictate peoples' access to resources?
 - 8. Why should we study other cultures and what does it teach us?
 - 9. How do the beliefs and values of a diverse culture affect individuals and society?
 - 10. What happens when cultures collide?
 - 11. How do people solve conflicts?
 - 12. How can recognizing multiple points of view help promote tolerance and understanding of diversity?
 - 13. How can differing points of view affect relations between and within societies?
 - 14. To what extent can examining multiple perspectives help us understand conflict and promote cooperation and/or conflict resolution?

Acquisition

Students will know...

- 6. What facts should students know and be able to use to gain further knowledge?
 - 1. Characteristics of various cultures.
 - 2. Informational text patterns: compare/contrast and problem/solution text structure.
 - 3. Citing quotes and sources using MLA formatting.
 - 4. Basic understanding of research skills.
- 7. What vocabulary should students know and be able to recall?

Tier 3

Droned, bush, rebels, shroud, mortar, gourd, tribe, artillery, daze, gingerly, accent, solemn, nausea,

Students will be skilled at... (be able to do)

- 9. What discrete skill and processes should students be able to demonstrate?
 - 1. Independently read informational texts using appropriate monitoring strategies.
 - 2. Cite a chosen passage from an informational text.
 - 3. Compare multiple texts dealing with same topic in order to build understanding.
 - 4. Recognize the structural patterns of problem/solution and compare/contrast within informational text.
 - 5. Effective time management skills when working

CC.1.4.7.C Develop and analyze the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples; include graphics and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

CC.1.4.7.D Organize ideas, concepts, and information using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts; provide a concluding statement or section; include formatting when useful to aiding comprehension.

CC.1.4.7.E Write with an awareness of the stylistic aspects of composition. • Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. • Use sentences of varying lengths and complexities. • Develop and maintain a consistent voice.

• Establish and maintain a formal style. CC.1.4.7.F Demonstrate a grade appropriate command of the conventions of standard English grammar, usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling. CC.1.4.7.H Introduce and state an opinion on a topic.

CC.1.4.7.K Write with an awareness of the stylistic aspects of composition. • Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. • Use sentences of varying lengths and complexities. • Develop and maintain a consistent voice.

• Establish and maintain a formal style. CC.1.4.7.L Demonstrate a grade

wailing, papyrus, prow, monotonous, gauge, relentless, eternal, arid, Tamarind, revived, refugee, scythe, mourn, emaciated, despair, scavenge, chaos, surge, merciless, earnestly, welter, peril, misery, ration, frigid, aquifer, vague, remote, frantic

Tier 2 compare, contrast, problem, solution, predict, summarize, analyze, interpret, culture, resources, conflict, geography, climate, documentary

- 8. What basic concepts should students know and be able to recall and apply?
 - 1. Use of text structures keep informational text structually organized.
 - 2. Understanding differences in cultural identity helps lead to increased global awareness.
 - 3. The way a culture seeks to solve its problems helps to establish their cultural identity.

within Literature Circle groups.

- 6. Participate in group discussions to share ideas.
- 7. Recognize differences in characteristics that help shape cultural identity.
- 8. Determine the correlation between environmental, economic, social, cultural, and civic concerns and cultural conflict.
- 9. Construct a formal piece of writing effectively outlining the similarities and differences amongst cultures and their conflict(s).

E07.B-C.2.1.1: Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others. E07.B-C.2.1.2: Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how major sections and text features contribute to the whole and to the development of the ideas.

E07.B-C.2.1.3: Determine how the author uses the meaning of words or phrases, including figurative, connotative, or technical meanings, in a text; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.

E07.B-K.1.1.1: Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences, conclusions, and/or generalizations drawn from the text.

E07.B-K.1.1.2: Determine two or more central ideas in a text and analyze their development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text. E07.B-K.1.1.3: Analyze the interactions between individuals, events, and ideas in a text (e.g., how ideas influence individuals or events; how individuals influence ideas or events).

E08.B-K.1.1.3: Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, categories).

E07.B-V.4.1.1: Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases

appropriate command of the conventions of standard English grammar, usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling.
CC.1.4.7.T With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.

CC.1.4.7.U Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and link to and cite sources as well as to interact and collaborate with others, including linking to and citing sources. CC.1.4.7.V Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions for further research and investigation. CC.1.4.7.W Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. CC.1.4.7.X Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. CC.1.5.7.A Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions, on grade-

level topics, texts, and issues, building

on others' ideas and expressing their

own clearly

based on grade 7 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

- a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph, a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., belligerent, bellicose, rebel).
- c. Determine the meaning of technical words and phrases used in a text.
- E07.B-V.4.1.2: Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
- a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary and mythological allusions) in context.
- b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words.
- c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending). E07.C.1.2.1: Introduce a topic for the intended audience and preview what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information using strategies such as definition, classification, compare/contrast, and cause/effect to support the writer's purpose.
- E07.C.1.2.2: Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
- E07.C.1.2.3: Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
- E07.C.1.2.4: Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.

E07.C.1.2.5: Establish and maintain a formal style. E07.C.1.2.6: Provide a concluding section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.

CC.1.5.7.C Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study.

CC.1.5.7.E Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks.

CC.1.5.7.F Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations to clarify claims and findings and emphasize salient points. CC.1.5.7.G Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English when speaking based on Grade 7 level and content.

- Math PA Core State Standards
- PA Content Standards

E07.C.1.3.3: Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and to signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.

E07.C.1.3.4: Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.

E07.D.2.1.1: Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.

E07.D.2.1.2: Vary sentence patterns for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.

E07.D.2.1.3: Maintain consistency in style and tone.

E07.D.2.1.4: Choose punctuation for effect.

E07.D.2.1.5: Choose words and phrases for effect.

E07.E.1.1.1: Introduce text(s) for the intended audience, state an opinion and/or topic, establish a situation, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to support the writer's purpose.

E07.E.1.1.2: Develop the analysis using relevant evidence from text(s) to support claims, opinions, ideas, and inferences and demonstrating an understanding of the text(s).

E07.E.1.1.3: Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.

E07.E.1.1.4: Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic and/or convey the experience and events.

E07.E.1.1.5: Establish and maintain a formal style. E07.E.1.1.6: Provide a concluding section that follows from and supports the analysis presented.

L.N.1.3.1: Identify and/or explain stated or implied main ideas and relevant supporting details from a text. Note: Items may target specific paragraphs.

L.N.1.3.2: Summarize the key details and events of a nonfictional text, in part or as a whole.

L.N.2.1.1: Make inferences and/or draw conclusions

nonfiction: Note: Character may also be called narrator, speaker, or subject of a biography. • the actions, motives, dialogue, emotions/feelings, traits, and relationships among characters within nonfictional text • the relationship between characters and other components of a text • the development by authors of complex characters and their roles and functions within a text L.N.2.3.2: Explain, interpret, compare, describe, analyze, and/or evaluate setting in a variety of nonfiction: • the relationship between setting and other components of the text (character, plot, and other key literary elements) L.N.2.3.3: Explain, interpret, compare, describe, analyze, and/or evaluate plot in a variety of nonfiction: Note: Plot may also be called action. • elements of the plot (e.g., exposition, conflict, rising action, climax, falling action, and/or resolution) • the relationship between elements of the plot and other components of the text • how the author structures plot to advance the action L.N.2.3.4: Explain, interpret, compare, describe, analyze, and/or evaluate theme in a variety of nonfiction: • the relationship between the theme and other components of the text • comparing and contrasting how major themes are developed across genres • the reflection of traditional and contemporary issues, themes, motifs, universal characters, and genres • the way in which a work of literature is related to the themes and issues of its historical period

based on analysis of a text.

generalizations.

L.N.2.1.2: Cite evidence from a text to support

L.N.2.3.1: Explain, interpret, compare, describe, analyze, and/or evaluate character in a variety of

NETS—National Educational Technology Standards; i.e., the standards for evaluating the skills and knowledge students need to learn effectively and live productively in an increasingly global and digital word. Creative and Innovation Communication and Collaboration Research and Information Fluency Critical Thinking Digital Citizenship Technology Operations Perfoct easily and increasingly global and effectively and live productively in an increasingly global and digital word. Creative and Innovation Communication and Collaboration Research and Information Fluency Critical Thinking Digital Citizenship Technology Operations Performance of the technology Operations Technology Operations Technology Appearance Technology Operations Performance of the technology Operations Technology Operations Technology Operations Performance of the technology Operations	Stage 2 – Evidence		
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Formal Writing (Compare/Contrast Essay)		Examples include but are not limited to final projects, research papers, quizzes and tests.	
Formal Writing (Compare/Contrast Essay)		List the assessments:	
		Double Entry Journals	

Literature Circle Roles (Discussion Director, Summarizer, Passage Analyst, etc.)
Literature Circle Reflective Process Paper
Book Project: PSA
Library Research Assignment (Topics: Sudan, Lost Boys, water borne diseases, etc.)
Newsela (Monthly Independent Reading)

Stage 3 – Learning Plan		
NETS for Students	Learning Activities	Progress Monitoring/Formative Assessment
NETS—National Educational Technology Standards; i.e., the standards for evaluating the skills and knowledge students need to learn effectively and live productively in an increasingly global and digital world. Creative and Innovation Communication and Collaboration Research and Information Fluency Critical Thinking Digital Citizenship Technology Operations	 Questions to consider while planning: Are transfer and acquisition addressed in the learning plan? Does the learning plan reflect principles of learning and best practices? Is there tight alignment with Stages 1 and 2? Is the plan likely to be engaging and effective for all students? 	 How will you monitor students' progress toward acquisition, meaning, and transfer during learning activities? Discussion and talking to the text using sticky notes will reveal students' understanding of the reading. Double Entry Journal assignment will reveal a student's ability to analyze a text's relevance and overall meaning. Topical research will disclose student's ability to develop connections between texts. Creative Projects will demonstrate student ability to transfer understanding of text structure among common texts. What are potential rough spots and student misunderstandings? Effectively managing time in Literature Circle groups. Building connections across mediums (books, documentaries, etc.) How will students get the feedback they need? Non - graded discussion? Conferencing and review with teacher Comments on practice Double Entry Journals Low - impact graded assignments (Anticipation Guide, etc.)

List planned activities

(examples include but are not limited to: experiments, guided reading, worksheets, discussions, note-taking, research, games):

- 1.Anticipation Guide to introduce elements of conflict and culture
- 2. Water Calculator
- 3.Water Facts
- **4.Class Discussions**
- 5.Guided Reading

(Problem/Solution Book 1)

- 6. Talking to the Text (Sticky Notes)
- 7. Double Entry Journals
- 8. Book Project: PSA
- 9. PSA article and worksheet
- 10. PSA video activity
- 11. Documentary
- 12. Practice

Compare/Contrast Writing (Book v. Documentary)

- 13. Lit Circle: Book 2
- 14. Individual Reflective

Process Paper

15. Formal Writing:

Compare/Contrast Essay (Book 1 v. Book 2)

- 16. Library Research
- 17. Shared Inquiry

List resources required

(examples include but are not limited to: laptops, iPads, websites, digital cameras, magazines, Blackboard, textbooks, novels, primary source documents, other nonfiction text, lab equipment, maps, translator, calculators)

- 1. Newsela.com
- 2. Newsela Strategies Checklist
- 3. Student laptops
- 4. Internet Access
- 5. Projector
- 6. Double Entry Journal form
- 7. Double Entry Journal Rubric
- 8. Anticipation Guide
- 9. Various Cultural Texts
- 10. Sticky Notes
- 11. Sticky Notes Checklist
- 12. PSA article
- 13. PSA worksheet
- 14. PSA example videos
- 15. PSA video worksheet
- 16. Book Project (PSA) Rubric
- 17. SLMS Writing Format
- 18. Various Documentaries
- 19.Library access
- 20. Lit Circle Documents (jobs, rubrics, etc.)
- 21. Formal Writing
- (Compare/Contrast) Rubric

FORMATIVE ASSESSMENTS—any non-graded, diagnostic assessment administered prior to or during a unit that reflects prior knowledge, skill levels, and potential misconceptions.

Examples include but are not limited to: Pre-tests, clickers (CPS), mini whiteboards, entrance and exit tickets, CDTs, DIBELS, Aimsweb

SRI

CDT

Study Island



Course: Academic Literacy Unit: 4-Cause & Effect: GMOs, Fastfood, and Nutrition Grades: 7

Teacher Team: Kimberly Halloran & Kristen Heydt Date: August 2015

Stage 1 – Desired Results		
Established Goals	Enduring Understandings/Transfer	
1. What 21 st Century Essentials included in	Written as a declarative statement, an enduring understanding is a "big idea" that focuses on larger concepts,	
the mission statement will this unit	principles, and processes that go beyond discrete facts or skills. Enduring Understandings are applicable to	
address?	new situations across content areas and TRANSFERABLE (the ability to learn in one context and apply to a new situation,	
Effective Communication Skills	particularly outside of the classroom) to the real world.	
Transfer of Learning		
Adaptation and flexibility	3. List the Enduring Understanding(s):	
Problem-solving	1. Nonfiction is accessible to everyone.	
Global Awareness	2. Reading critically and actively is achieved by employing strategies such as: questioning, monitoring,	
Career Planning and Life-Long Learning	visualizing, connecting, predicting and summarizing (referred to as the "Super 6") to evaluate understanding when necessary.	
2. What content standards will this unit	3. Written communication and proper grammar mechanics promote fluency of communication.	
address?	4. Writing is a reflective, multi-stage process.	
	5. Recognizing the underlying structural patterns in nonfiction text is parmount to the reader's ability	
 ELA PA Core State Standards 	construct meaning from the text.	
CC.1.2.7.A Determine two or more	6. Researchers gather and critique information from different sources for specific purposes.	
central ideas in a text and analyze their	7. Observers and researchers examine causes and effects to see relationships between people, places, ideas,	
development over the course of the	and events.	
text; provide an objective summary of the text.	8. Observers and researchers recognize and analyze multiple points of view to explain the ideas and actions of individuals and groups.	
CC.1.2.7.B Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the	9. Argumentative writing is a powerful way to get people to appreciate a different point of view, change their way of thinking, and/or to take action.	
text says explicitly, as well as inferences, conclusions, and/or generalizations	10. Persuasion involves emotional and logical arguments that are supported by facts, details, or emotional appeals.	
drawn from the text.	11. The effectiveness of argumentative writing relies on the strength of the claims and the supporting details	
CC.1.2.7.C Analyze the interactions	and how effectively the author explains the evidence and establishes a link between the claim and the	
between individuals, events, and ideas in	evidence.	
a text.	12. Writers develop and present arguments and support their claims using evidence and explanation drawn	
CC.1.2.7.D Determine an author's point	from reliable sources.	
of view or purpose in a text and analyze		

how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others.

CC.1.2.7.E Analyze the structure of the text through evaluation of the author's use of graphics, charts. and the major sections of the text.

CC.1.2.7.F Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in grade-level reading and content, including interpretation of figurative, connotative, and technical meanings. CC.1.2.7.G Compare and contrast a text to an audio, video, or multimedia version of the text, analyzing each medium's portrayal of the subject (e.g., how the delivery of a speech affects the impact of the words).

CC.1.2.7.J Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
CC.1.2.7.K Determine or clarify the

meaning of unknown and multiplemeaning words and phrases based on grade-level reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies and tools.

CC.1.2.7.L Read and comprehend literary nonfiction and informational text on grade level, reading independently and proficiently.

CC.1.4.7.A Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information clearly. CC.1.4.7.B Identify and introduce the topic clearly, including a preview of what is to follow

- 4. What do you want students to do with this knowledge or skill beyond this course? What is Transfer?
 - * Students will develop effective oral and written communication skills.
 - * Students will develop effective strategies for independent reading comprehension.
 - * Students will gain familiarity and comfort when working with informational texts.
 - * Students will actively analyze the relevance and significance of a text rather than simply reading it for * content.
 - * Students will develop effective strategies for time management and planning.
 - * Students will gain familiarity and comfort when working with peers in problem solving situations.
 - * Students will develop the understanding that all actions have consequences whether they be positive or negative.

Essential Questions

What thought-provoking questions will foster inquiry, meaning-making, and transfer?

- 5. List the Essential Question(s) that students should ponder, wonder about or explain by the end of this unit:
 - 1. How do strategic readers create meaning from informational and literary text?
 - 2. How do strategic readers use the underlying structural patterns in nonfiction text to construct meaning?
 - 3. How do writers create informational pieces that effectively address the topic and purpose?
 - 4. What role do grammar and mechanics play in crafting a solid piece of writing?
 - 5. How can we use evaluation and reflection to improve our writing?
 - 6. What techniques do speakers use to enhance the presentation of information to an audience of peers?
 - 7. How can examining cause and effect help us understand relationships between people, places, ideas, and events?
 - 8. To what extent can understanding cause and effect help us solve problems and make decisions?
 - 9. How does observing the world around us help in realizing that ideas and actions of individuals and groups have consequences and shape events?
 - 10. How can looking at multiple points of view help us explain the ideas and actions of individuals and groups?
 - 12. How do writers of informational texts use examples and evidence effectively to convince a reader of their claim?
 - 13. How can I evaluate claims made in informational texts and reconcile competing claims from multiple sources?

Acquisition

Students will know...

- 6. What facts should students know and be able to use to gain further knowledge?
 - 1. Characteristics of health and nutrition.
 - 2. Informational text patterns: cause/effect

Students will be skilled at... (be able to do)

9. What discrete skill and processes should students be able to demonstrate?

CC.1.4.7.C Develop and analyze the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples; include graphics and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

CC.1.4.7.D Organize ideas, concepts, and information using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts; provide a concluding statement or section; include formatting when useful to aiding comprehension.

CC.1.4.7.E Write with an awareness of the stylistic aspects of composition. • Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. • Use sentences of varying lengths and complexities. • Develop and maintain a consistent voice. • Establish and maintain a formal style.

CC.1.4.7.F Demonstrate a grade appropriate command of the conventions of standard English grammar, usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling.
CC.1.4.7.G Write arguments to support claims.

CC.1.4.7.H Introduce and state an opinion on a topic.

CC.1.4.7.K Write with an awareness of the stylistic aspects of composition. • Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. • Use sentences of varying lengths and complexities. • Develop and maintain a consistent voice.

- 3. Citing quotes and sources using MLA formatting.
- 4. Basic understanding of research skills.
- 5. Characteristics of argumentative writing.
- 7. What vocabulary should students know and be able to recall?

Tier 3

obesity, GMO, vegan, organic, processed, diabetes, pesticide

Tier 2

cause, effect, causal relationship, interpret, analyze, summarize, context clue, predict

- 8. What basic concepts should students know and be able to recall and apply?
 - 1. Use of text structures keep informational text structually organized.
 - 2. All actions have consequences.
 - 3. Argumentative writing uses strong claims and supporting evidence.

- 1. Independently read informational texts using appropriate monitoring strategies.
- 2. Cite a chosen passage from an informational text.
- 3. Compare multiple texts dealing with same topic in order to build understanding.
- 4. Recognize the structural patterns of problem/solution and compare/contrast within informational text.
- 5. Practice effective time management skills when working within Literature Circle groups.
- 6. Participate in group discussions to share ideas.
- 7. Recognize and analyze multiple points of view to explain the ideas and actions of individuals and groups.
- 8. Identify causal relationships between varying stimuli.
- 9. Construct a formal piece of argumentative writing effectively utilizing claims, concessions, and supporting details.
- 10. Recognize and correct misplaced and dangling modifiers.

E07.B-C.2.1.1: Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others. E07.B-C.2.1.2: Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how major sections and text features contribute to the whole and to the development of the ideas.

E07.B-C.2.1.3: Determine how the author uses the meaning of words or phrases, including figurative, connotative, or technical meanings, in a text; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.

E07.B-C.3.1.1: Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claims.

• Establish and maintain a formal style. CC.1.4.7.L Demonstrate a grade appropriate command of the conventions of standard English grammar, usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling. CC.1.4.7.T With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.

CC.1.4.7.U Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and link to and cite sources as well as to interact and collaborate with others, including linking to and citing sources. CC.1.4.7.V Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions for further research and investigation. CC.1.4.7.W Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. CC.1.4.7.X Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. CC.1.5.7.A Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions, on gradelevel topics, texts, and issues, building

E07.B-C.3.1.2: Analyze how two or more authors writing about the same topic shape their presentations of key information by emphasizing different evidence or advancing different interpretations of facts.

E07.B-K.1.1.1: Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences, conclusions, and/or generalizations drawn from the text.

E07.B-K.1.1.2: Determine two or more central ideas in a text and analyze their development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.

E07.B-K.1.1.3: Analyze the interactions between individuals, events, and ideas in a text (e.g., how ideas influence individuals or events; how individuals influence ideas or events).

E08.B-K.1.1.3: Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, categories).

E07.B-V.4.1.1: Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 7 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

- a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph, a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., belligerent, bellicose, rebel).
- c. Determine the meaning of technical words and phrases used in a text.
- E07.B-V.4.1.2: Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
- a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary and mythological allusions) in context.
- b. Use the relationship between particular words

on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly

CC.1.5.7.C Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study.

CC.1.5.7.E Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks.

CC.1.5.7.F Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations to clarify claims and findings and emphasize salient points. CC.1.5.7.G Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English when speaking based on Grade 7 level and content.

- Math PA Core State Standards
- PA Content Standards

- (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words.
- c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending).
- E07.C.1.2.1: Introduce a topic for the intended audience and preview what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information using strategies such as definition, classification, compare/contrast, and cause/effect to support the writer's purpose. E07.C.1.2.2: Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
- E07.C.1.2.3: Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
- E07.C.1.2.4: Use precise language and domainspecific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- E07.C.1.2.5: Establish and maintain a formal style. E07.C.1.2.6: Provide a concluding section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.
- E07.C.1.3.3: Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and to signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.
- E07.C.1.3.4: Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.
- E07.D.1.1.3: Place phrases and clauses within a sentence, recognizing and correcting misplaced and dangling modifiers.
- E07.D.2.1.1: Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.
- E07.D.2.1.2: Vary sentence patterns for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.

which ideas are logically grouped to support the writer's purpose E07.E.1.1.2: Develop the analysis using relevant evidence from text(s) to support claims, opinions, ideas, and inferences and demonstrating an understanding of the text(s). E07.E.1.1.3: Use appropriate transitions to create cohesian and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. E07.E.1.1.4: Use precise language and domainspecific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic and/or convey the experience and events. E07.E.1.1.5: Establish and maintain a formal style. E07.E.1.1.6: Provide a concluding section that follows from and supports the analysis presented. E07.C.1.1.1: Introduce claim(s) for the intended audience, acknowledge alternate or apposing claims, and support the writer's purpose by logicall organizing the reasons and evidence. E07.C.1.1.2: Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text. E07.C.1.1.3: Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), reasons, and evidence. E07.C.1.1.4: Establish and maintain a formal style. E07.C.1.1.5: Provide a concluding section that reinforces the claims and reasons presented. L.N.1.3.1: Identify and/or explain stated or implied main ideas and relevant supporting details from a text. Note: Items may target specific paragraphs. L.N.1.3.2: Summarize the key details and events of
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E07.D.2.1.3: Maintain consistency in style and tone.

nonfictional text, in part or as a whole. based on analysis of a text. generalizations. nonfiction: speaker, or subject of a biography. nonfictional text components of a text nonfiction: *key literary elements)* nonfiction: Note: Plot may also be called action. resolution)

L.N.2.1.1: Make inferences and/or draw conclusions

L.N.2.1.2: Cite evidence from a text to support

L.N.2.3.1: Explain, interpret, compare, describe, analyze, and/or evaluate character in a variety of

Note: Character may also be called narrator,

- the actions, motives, dialogue, emotions/feelings, traits, and relationships among characters within
- the relationship between characters and other
- the development by authors of complex characters and their roles and functions within a text L.N.2.3.2: Explain, interpret, compare, describe,

analyze, and/or evaluate setting in a variety of

• the relationship between setting and other components of the text (character, plot, and other

L.N.2.3.3: Explain, interpret, compare, describe, analyze, and/or evaluate plot in a variety of

- elements of the plot (e.g., exposition, conflict, rising action, climax, falling action, and/or
- the relationship between elements of the plot and other components of the text
- how the author structures plot to advance the action
- L.N.2.3.4: Explain, interpret, compare, describe, analyze, and/or evaluate theme in a variety of nonfiction:
- the relationship between the theme and other components of the text
- comparing and contrasting how major themes are

	 developed across genres the reflection of traditional and contemporary issues, themes, motifs, universal characters, and genres the way in which a work of literature is related to the themes and issues of its historical period

Stage 2 – Evidence		
NETS for Students	PERFORMANCE TASK(S)—can include transfer tasks and Project-Based Learning	
NETS—National Educational	Examples include but are not limited to:	
Technology Standards; i.e., the	Labs, open-ended essays, voice recordings, videos, presentations, discussion boards, graphic organizers, songs, skits,	
standards for evaluating the skills	dioramas, visual projects (posters, dioramas)	
and knowledge students need to		
learn effectively and live	List the task(s), then explain how the student will demonstrate the transfer of knowledge or skill involved in the task(s)	
productively in an increasingly	(reference Stage 1, Item #4):	
global and digital world.	1. Class discussion to introduce the ideas of cause and effect . (Stage 1 Items 4(1))	
	2. Utilize anticipation guide to begin discussion on GMOs, fastfood, and nutrition. (Stage 1 Items 4(1), 4(4), 4(7))	
Creative and Innovation	3. Review good Literature Circle practices. (Stage 1 Items 4(3), 4(6))	
Communication and Collaboration	4. Lit Circle: Book 1 (cause/effect) (Stage 1 Items 4(1), 4(2), 4(3), 4(4), 4(5), 4(6), 4(7))	
Critical Thinking	5. Practice talking to the text by sticky noting in book. (Stage 1 Items 4(1), 4(2), 4(4), 4(5))	
Research and Information Fluency	6. Practice double entry journal writing to monitor metacognition throughout the book. (Stage 1 Items 4(1), 4(2), 4(4), 4(5))	
Technology Operations	7. Introduce the argumentative writing and discuss topical terms (claim, concession, evidence/support). (Stage 1 Items	
Digital Citizenship	4(1), 4(6), 4(7))	
	8. View selected companion documentary to provide students with additional view points to the completed text. (Stage 1 Items 4(4), 4(5), 4(7))	
	9. End of book project – groups will use their knowledge of argumentative writing to create an essay utilizing the	
	cause/effect pattern apparent in the completed text. (Stage 1 Items 4(1), 4(2), 4(3), 4(4), 4(5), 4(6), 4(7))	
	OTHER SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENTS—can include factual recall	

Examples include but are not limited to final projects, research papers, quizzes and tests.
List the assessments:
Lit Circle Individual Jobs: Discussion Director, Summarizer, Passage Analyst, Vocabulary Enricher, Researcher
TDA assignments
Newsela
Double Entry Journals
Library Research Assignments: concessions
Formal Argumentative Essay
Newsela (Monthly Independent Reading)

Stage 3 – Learning Plan		
NETS for Students	Learning Activities	Progress Monitoring/Formative Assessment
NETS—National Educational Technology Standards; i.e., the standards for evaluating the skills and knowledge students need to learn effectively and live productively in an increasingly global and digital world. Creative and Innovation Communication and Collaboration Research and Information Fluency Critical Thinking Digital Citizenship Technology Operations	 Questions to consider while planning: Are transfer and acquisition addressed in the learning plan? Does the learning plan reflect principles of learning and best practices? Is there tight alignment with Stages 1 and 2? Is the plan likely to be engaging and effective for all students? 	 How will you monitor students' progress toward acquisition, meaning, and transfer during learning activities? Discussion and talking to the text using sticky notes will reveal students' understanding of the reading. Double Entry Journal assignment will reveal a student's ability to analyze a text's relevance and overall meaning. Topical research will disclose student's ability to develop connections between texts. Creative Projects will demonstrate student ability to transfer understanding of text structure among common texts. What are potential rough spots and student misunderstandings? Effectively managing time in Literature Circle groups. How will students get the feedback they need? Non - graded discussion? Conferencing and review with teacher Comments on practice Double Entry Journals Low - impact graded assignments (Class discussions, intro to concession practice piece, etc.)

List planned activities

(examples include but are not limited to: experiments, guided reading, worksheets, discussions, note-taking, research, games):

- 1.Class Discussions
- 2. Lit Circle: Book 2
- 3. Talking to the Text (Sticky Notes)
- 4. Double Entry Journals
- 5. Intro to concession practice activity
- 6. Documentary
- 7. Individual Reflective

Process Paper

- 8. Formal Writing:
- Argumentative Essay
 9. Library Research
- 10. Shared Inquiry

List resources required

(examples include but are not limited to: laptops, iPads, websites, digital cameras, magazines, Blackboard, textbooks, novels, primary source documents, other nonfiction text, lab equipment, maps, translator, calculators)

- 1. Newsela.com
- 2. Newsela Strategies Checklist
- 3. Student laptops/internet
- 4. Projector
- 5. Double Entry Journal form
- 6. Anticipation Guide
- 7. Various Food/Nutrition Texts
- 8. Sticky Notes
- 9. Sticky Notes Checklist
- 10. Intro to Concession Practice Activity
- 11. SLMS Writing Format
- 12. Various Documentaries
- 13.Library access
- 14. Lit Circle Jobs
- 15. Formal Writing

(Argumentative Essay) Rubric

FORMATIVE ASSESSMENTS—any non-graded, diagnostic assessment administered prior to or during a unit that reflects prior knowledge, skill levels, and potential misconceptions.

Examples include but are not limited to: Pre-tests, clickers (CPS), mini whiteboards, entrance and exit tickets, CDTs, DIBELS, Aimsweb

CDT

SRI

Study Island